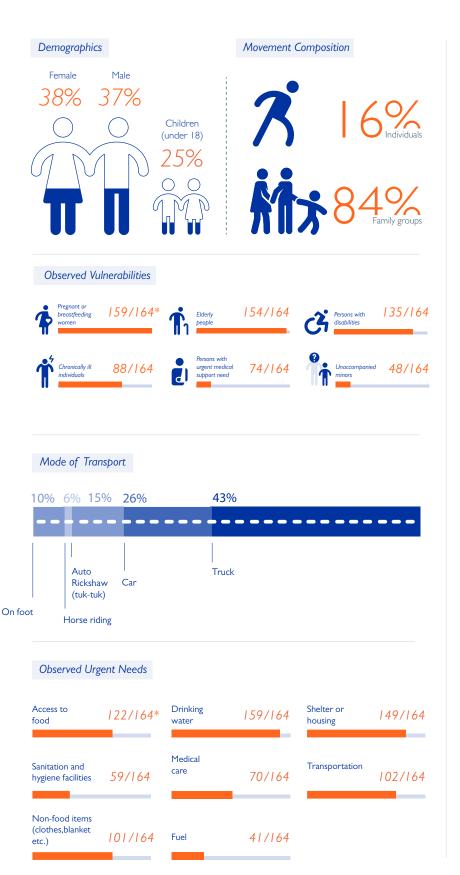






## MOVEMENT OBSERVATIONS















### Population Movement and Needs Overview

The snapshots in this page emphasize the movement conditions, showcasing the toll of displacement. The observational data presented under this section was collected through **4 flow monitoring points** (FMPs) established in Khan Younis and Deir al-Balah that operate daily from **08:00 AM–18:00 PM.** Therefore, movements occurring beyond this timeframe are not captured, which represents a limitation in monitoring the overall flow of displacement and urgent needs of people on the move. Findings are observational and non-visible needs may be under-represented.

Trained enumerators conduct direct observation through the FMPs using a structured tool capturing sex composition, basic demographics, visible needs and vulnerabilities, transport modes, and intended destination governorates. Data is shared to support principled, coordinated, data driven and needs-based planning and response.

The data presented in this section reflects observations recorded **up to 18:00 PM on 30 September** (Gaza Time). Movements recorded after this time will be included in the next report.

<sup>\*</sup>Figures reflect movement flows observed during the reporting period in which specific needs or vulnerabilities were identified. They do not represent the number of individuals with those needs or vulnerabilities.





## GOVERNORATE DISPLACEMENT OVERVIEW

(1-30 SEPTEMBER 2025)

### NORTH GAZA

1,190

Total recorded displacement movements

1,190

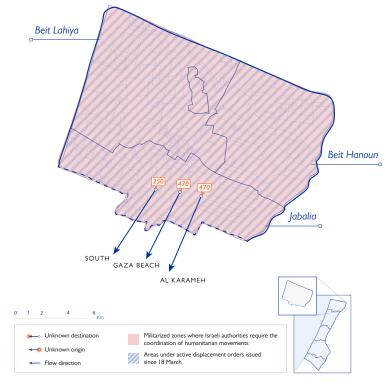
Displacement movements originated from

Jabalia

100%

Under displacement orders and militarized zones or where those overlap

In September 2025, North Gaza recorded 1,190 displacement movements towards West Gaza city, Deir Al Balah and Khan Younis, largely triggered by the 14 August ground incursion that started in Jabalia then spread south into Gaza city.







377,461

223,662

Displacement movements originated from

Gaza Old City

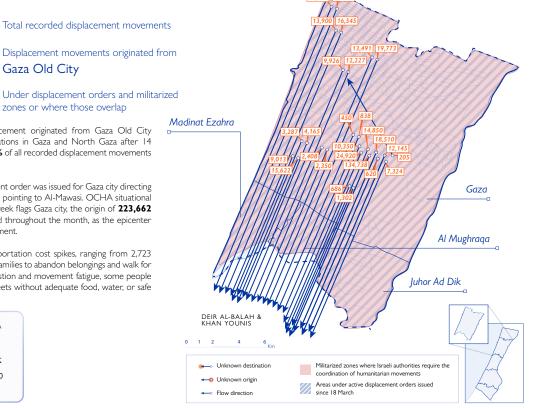
Under displacement orders and militarized zones or where those overlap

In September 2025, most displacement originated from Gaza Old City following intensified ground operations in Gaza and North Gaza after 14 August, which accounted for 99.4% of all recorded displacement movements

On 10 September, a full displacement order was issued for Gaza city directing civilians south, with public guidance pointing to Al-Mawasi. OCHA situational update released within the same week flags Gaza city, the origin of 223,662 displacement movements recorded throughout the month, as the epicenter of renewed hostilities and displacement.

Key Informants cited severe transportation cost spikes, ranging from 2,723 USD up to 3,63 I USD, prompting families to abandon belongings and walk for 12-13 km. Due to extreme exhaustion and movement fatigue, some people were observed to overnight in streets without adequate food, water, or safe shelter.







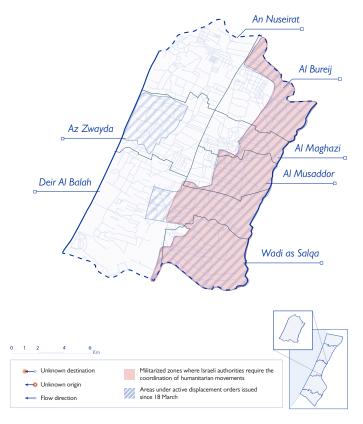


# DEIR AL BALAH

I 46%

Under displacement orders and militarized zones or where those overlap

In September 2025, Deir al-Balah recorded an influx of **145,847** displacement movements, despite the area and its surroundings remaining highly unsafe and severely overcrowded. Of these, **24,920** movements were towards An-Nuseirat and eastern parts of Deir al-Balah. From the Rafah border to Deir al-Balah, extreme overcrowding persists, leaving no adequate space for additional arrivals.



## KHAN YOUNIS

1,200

Total recorded displacement movements

1,150

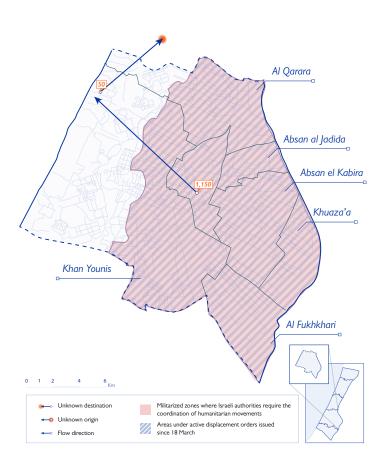
of all known movements originated from Khan Younis

71%

Under displacement orders and militarized zones or where those overlap

In September 2025, Khan Younis recorded an influx of **232,559** displacement movements, largely driven by repeated displacement orders. Additionally, Al Mawasi received an influx of **201,284** displacement movements, where families faced overcrowded and inadequate conditions, many without proper shelter.







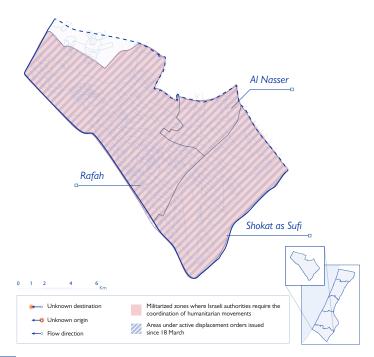


93%

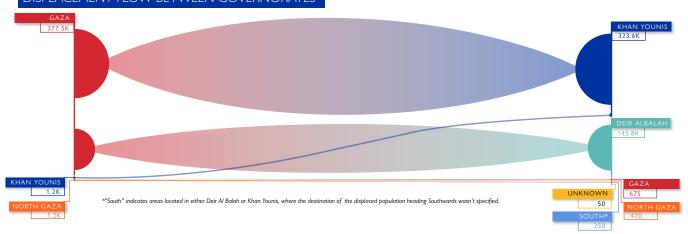
Under displacement orders and militarized zones or where those overlap

Rafah Governorate is now considered largely depopulated, with only a small number of displaced families remaining in the western areas near Khan Younis. Movement toward Rafah remains highly dangerous, with reports indicating that the entire tity has been destroyed and all its entry points closed except for its eastern parameters where only trucks transporting aid can pass through the Karam Abu Salem Crossing.

Despite the risks, some assistance is reportedly accessible in the Morag area, prompting displaced individuals to move toward that location. However, access to aid in Rafah remains highly precarious and unpredictable.



# DISPLACEMENT FLOW BETWEEN GOVERNORATES



In September, the majority of displacement movements were inter-governorate, primarily from Gaza city towards Deir Al Balah and Khan Younis. A portion of these movements extended further south, towards unspecified locations. Following the onset of the ground incursion on 14 August, Deir Al Balah and Khan Younis experienced a significant influx, receiving more than **378,406** displacement movements during this reporting period alone – an average of 12,613 movement per day. The largest intake of arrivals from Gaza city occurred on **15 September**, where over **26,387** displacement movements were recorded towards Khan Younis and Deir Al-Balah in one day.

# ABOUT NEEDS AND POPULATION MONITORING PROGRAMME (NPM)

The Site Management Cluster (SMC) is a joint humanitarian body that coordinates assistance for people in displacement sites. Since May 2024, partners have been tracking population movements in Gaza during major displacements to better understand needs and guide the response. In September 2024, the International Organization for Migration (IOM) Occupied Palestinian Territory (OPT) launched the Needs and Population Monitoring (NPM) programme to carry out a comprehensive range of data collection activities and assessments across the OPT. The initiative aims to generate timely, accurate, and evidence-based information to support strategic planning and enable the SMC and other humanitarian actors to effectively identify and respond to the needs of affected populations.















For further information, to request the dataset or to share updates, please contact the SMC Coordinators, Richard Okello - rokello@iom.int and Joanna Rich - joanna.rich@acted.org