

Population Movement Monitoring Flash Update

■ 10 October 2025







Since 10 Oct

181,800

OVERVIEW OF DISPLACEMENT MOVEMENTS

- On 10 October, following the announcement of the ceasefire, population
 movements were recorded across several areas, including movements from West
 to East within Khan Younis and from the southern part of Gaza towards northern
 areas.
- On the same day, a total of 181,800 displacement movements were recorded.
 Since 10 October, approximately 176,800 displacement movements have been observed crossing from south to north primarily through Al-Rasheed Road, with additional movements noted along Salah Al-Deen Road.
- In addition, **5,000** displacement movements were recorded from the western parts of Khan Younis towards the eastern areas of the governorate, reflecting a shift in movement patterns within the southern region.
- People were predominantly observed moving on foot and carrying little to no personal belongings.

METHODOLOGY

- The figures on crossings from south to north were collected through imagery analyis as well as two Flow Monitoring Points (FMPs) located in Deir Al Balah, while movements from west to east were recorded through one FMP in Khan Younis. These figures only reflect the displacement movements observed at these specific points. It is therefore possible that some people may have split from their groups or changed routes before reaching the monitored FMPs, meaning certain crossings may not have been captured.
- The FMPs operate daily from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM. Therefore, movements occurring beyond this timeframe are not captured, which represents a limitation in monitoring the overall flow of displacement.
- The data presented in this report reflects displacement movements recorded up to 5:00 PM on 10 October 2025 (Gaza time). Movements recorded after this time will be included in the next report.
- The numbers refer to displacement movements, and not individuals. People are displaced multiple times, therefore what is reported is flow figures rather than stock figures. Access constraints continue to pose significant challenges, impacting data quality.













