



Overview

As of September 30th, 2023, Site Management Sector has identified **41 active gathering sites** within Kassala State, Sudan, where forcibly displaced persons seek refuge. These sites are distributed across three localities within the State: **Madeinat Kassala (36 sites)**, **Halfa Al Jadeedah (4 sites)**, and **Reifi Khashm Elgirba (1 site)**. The present data estimates these active gathering sites are currently hosting a total of **6,659 forcibly displaced persons** across **1,197 households**. A striking **98%** of these individuals are **Sudanese nationals**, with the remaining **2%** comprising either **refugees or nationals from other countries, displaced within Sudan due to conflict**. A distinction in their positioning reveals that **98%** of the gathering sites are situated in urban areas, whereas **2%** are found in rural locations. Moreover, while **24%** of these sites function as collective centers, the remaining **76%** serve as spontaneous settlements. The list is still undergoing continuous verification by SMS partners and State Focal Points. The dashboard can be accessed at this link: [Sudan IDP sites master list](#)

Age and Gender Demographics: The population within these gathering sites showcases a gender and age breakdown as follows: **48% male** and **52% female**. In terms of age, children aged **0-17** represent the majority at **55%**, followed by adults aged **18-59** at **41%**, and the elderly aged **60 and above** at **4%**.

Shelter Categories: The sheltering scenario highlights that a significant majority, specifically **85%** of forcibly displaced individuals, find accommodation in schools. Another **7%** seek refuge in public buildings, while the remaining **8%** seek shelter in open areas, abandoned private buildings, and mosques.

Priority Needs: Site representatives predominantly highlight urgent necessities, categorizing **Food Support** as the topmost priority. This is subsequently followed by **Health Services** and **WASH (Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene)** prioritized as numbers two and three, respectively. The [comprehensive site assessment](#) will commence immediately upon the conclusion of the mapping exercise.

Key figures



41

active gathering sites



98%

gathering sites in urban area



2%

gathering sites in rural area



6,659

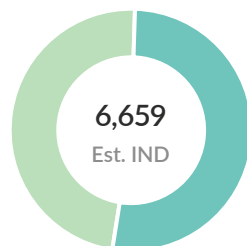
estimated forcibly displaced persons



1,197

households

Gender breakdown



Priority needs



Food Security

1



Health

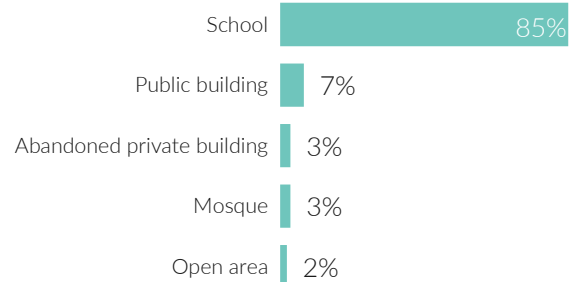
2



WASH

3

Shelter Categories

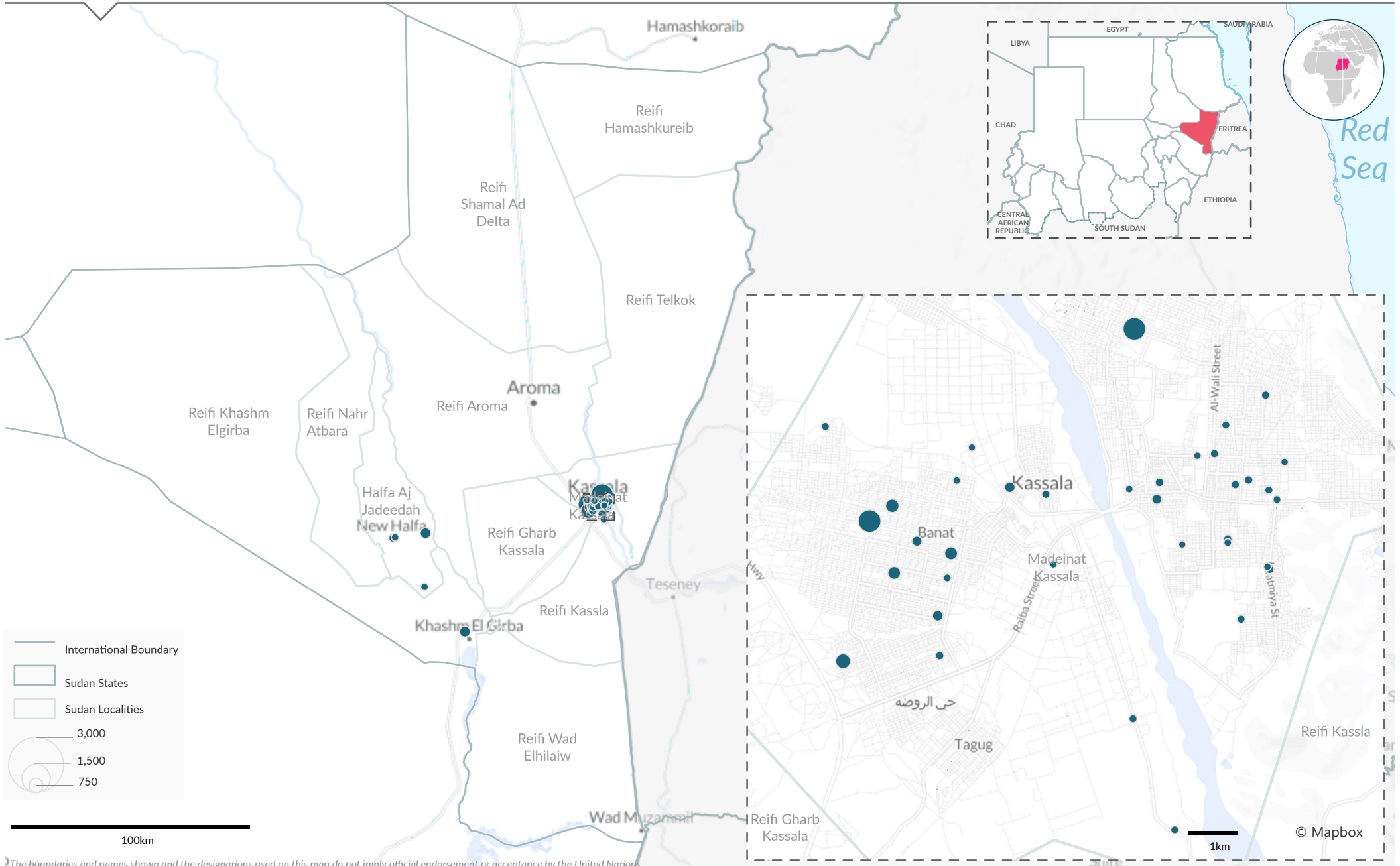


Humanitarian Response

The IDP site representatives offered a snapshot of the services they have received from humanitarian actors, local authorities, and local communities. It's clear that food assistance takes center stage, with a substantial **38%** of respondents highlighting its provision. **Non-Food Items (NFIs)** follow at **21%**, while **Shelter** and **WASH (Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene)** services each account for **6%** of the assistance received. **Health** and **Protection** services are less prominent at **3%** each. Notably, **18%** of respondents reported not receiving any services, and an additional **5%** specifically mentioned the absence of NFIs in their received aid, pointing to areas where more support and attention may be needed in these IDP communities.

Partners:





The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.