

Displacement crisis in Burkina Faso

2021 : Intensification of ultimatums and attacks against civilians (Ex. Solhan) and continued extension of the crisis to new areas (insecurity slides East)

- Increased displacements
- ➢ Few permanent returns so far

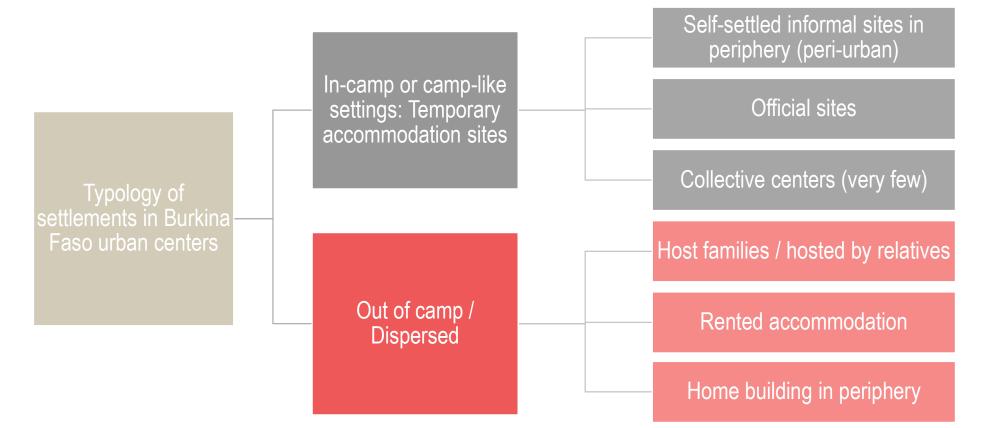
2019 : Beginning of massive population displacements in Burkina Faso resulting from volatility of the security context April 2021 : More than 1.2 million IDPs in Burkina Faso (Source : CONASUR)



2012 : Crisis in Mali

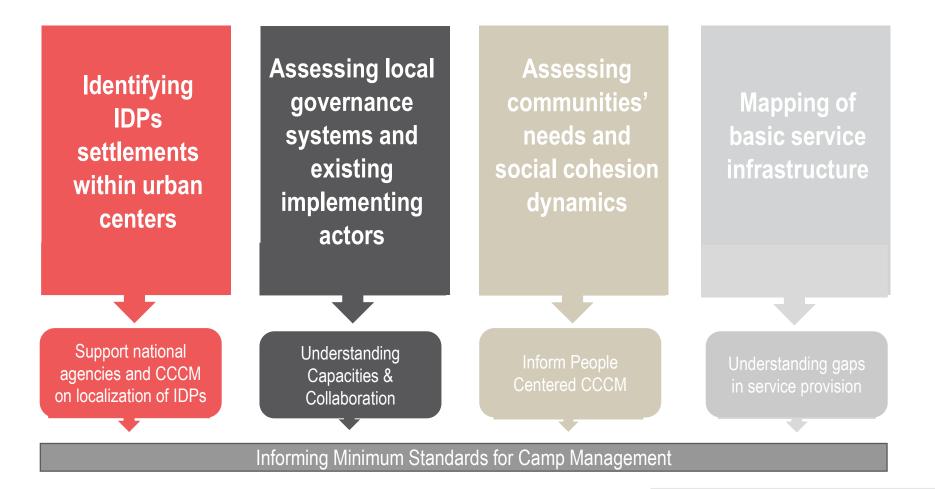
CCCM / Site Typologies in Burkina Faso

Urban centers = strong military and government presence, less targeted \rightarrow Majority IDPs are settling in urban centers





ABA : informing CCCM actors





Why an ABA was needed?

Complementing CCCM site monitoring

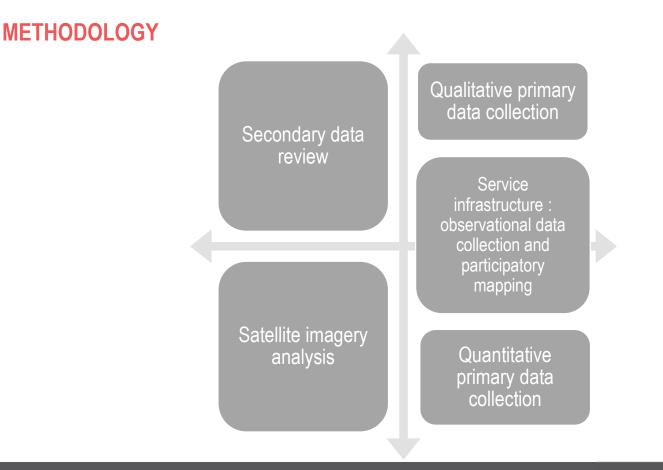
- > Informing on dispersed IDPs
- Assessing displaced and non displaced communities
- Identifying needs trends at city level for specific sectors (WASH, shelter and NFIs, governance, etc.) and comparison between sites
- Mapping of infrastructures in and out of sites





Area-based assessment (ABA) as applied to Burkina Faso

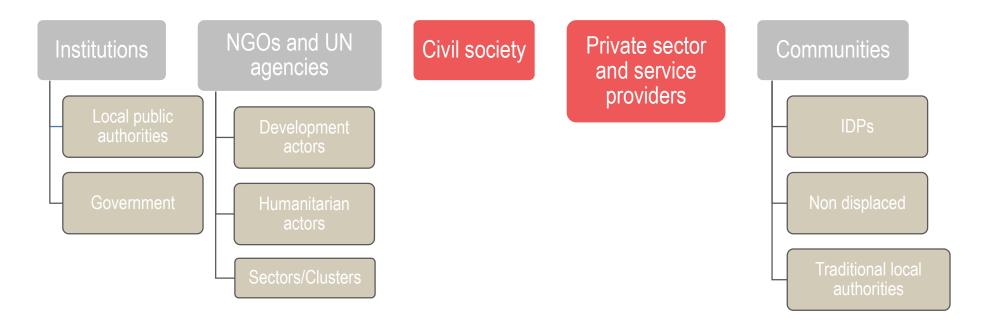
Focusing on city level, with a specific look at formal and self-settled informal settlements' dynamics





Assessing local governance systems and existing implementing actors

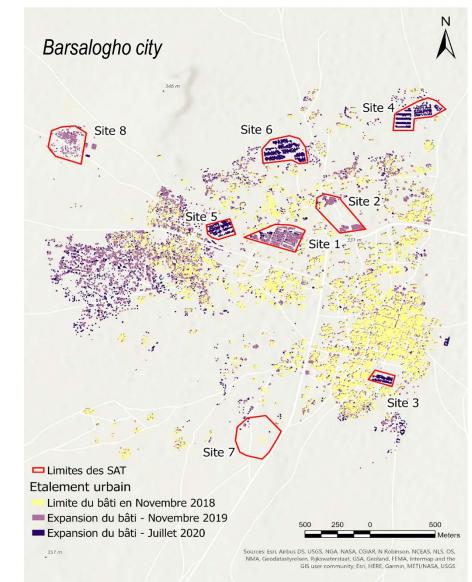
Helping CCCM in its efforts to coordinate with multiple stakeholders at city level





Identifying IDPs settlements within urban centers

Use of satellite imagery at city level to identify areas of concentration of IDPs, outside of existing camps

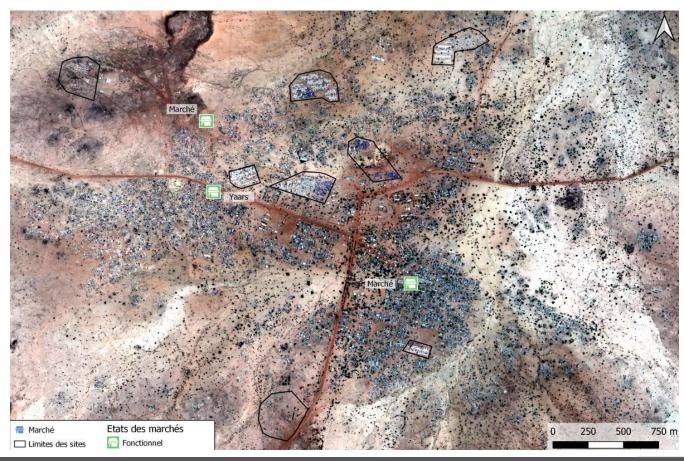




REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

Mapping of basic service infrastructure

Providing information to CCCM actors to support monitoring and coordination of services and activities within and between sites



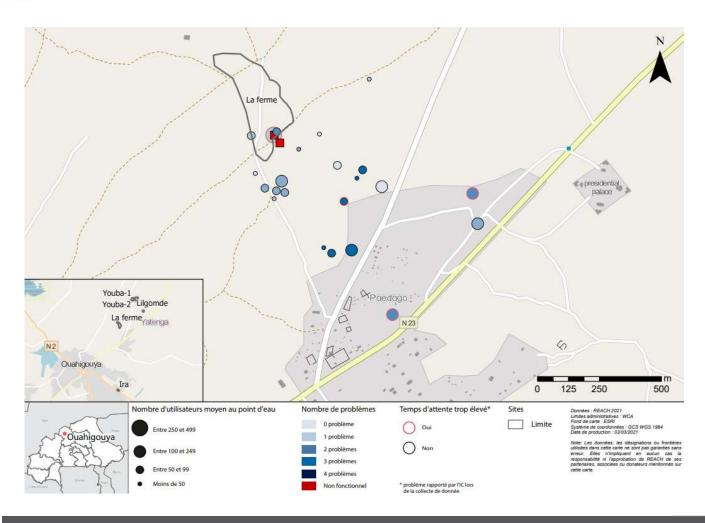
Barsalogho, Markets mapping

Distance to markets has been flagged as a problem by IDPs and non displaced communities in Barsalogho.





Mapping of basic service infrastructure to inform nexus planning



La Ferme site, Ouahigouya commune:

 Combination of data to identify high-pressured water points within the site





Lessons learnt

IDPs settlement

Data may be incomplete considering the rapid evolution of the context and the recent monitoring process

= systematization of remote sensing

Assessment objective

Need to understand informal sites and camp-like settlements in their urban context, as well as service provision in and out of sites = Informing CCCM actors and urbanism plans / basic services coverage as well Local communities involvement

In process: Empowerment of local communities through results interpretation workshops = what are their

results ? Do they identify



Feedbacks on our work

"REACH work on infrastructure mapping was critical to our operationalization."

ACTED CCCM Coordinator

"REACH information products help to ensure all local aid actors have access to the same level of information."

Barsalogho Préfet



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

District

District 4



Informi hum:

