

# Round 17: Overview of Compliance with Minimum Standards

Collective Site Monitoring, Round 17  
July 2025

# Methodology and Minimum Standards Calculations

- CCCM Cluster has adopted the list of minimum standards based on the provision of **Resolution #930** (47 standards).
- Data from regular **CSM rounds** serves as the primary source for calculating **compliance** with these standards.
- The latest CSM Round 17 was conducted from **April 28 to May 23**, 2025, with a total of **1,461 collective sites** assessed.
- The minimum standards may be simple (based on one specific indicator from the CSM questionnaire) or composite (including all or part of two or more indicators).

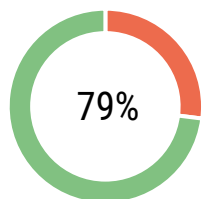
*In partnership with:*



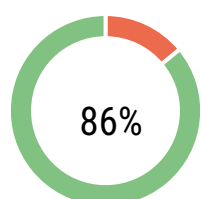


# Organizational and legal principles of collective sites functioning

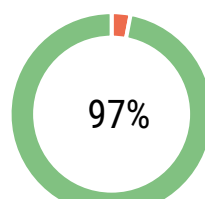
Compliance with minimum standards, % of CSs



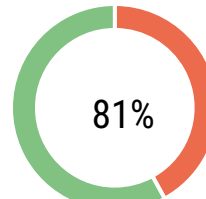
Agreement and Rules of stay of IDPs in the CSs



Registration of residents of the collective site



Feedback mechanism in place

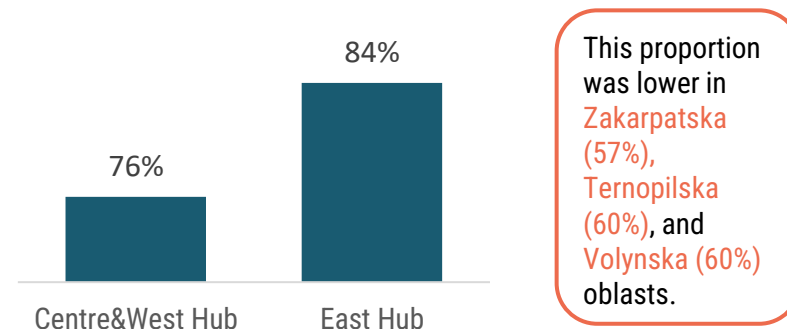


Access to information\*

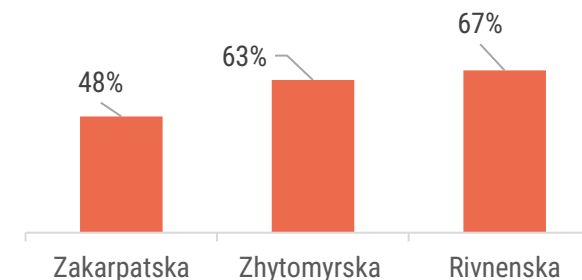
The proportion of CSs meeting the minimum standard for 'Registration of residents' was significantly lower in **Rivnenska Oblast (41%)**, and for 'Access to information', it was lower in **Zakarpatska (48%)** and **Rivnenska (67%)** oblasts."

\* Access to information means the availability in the premises of the collective site of an information stand(s) indicating the address, contact phone numbers, official websites of emergency services, social services, health care institutions, executive power bodies, local self-government bodies, educational, social, psychological, and legal assistance institutions as well as information about the presence of the bomb shelters near the collective site, etc.

'Agreement and Rules of Stay' minimum standard full compliance, % of CSs (by Hub)



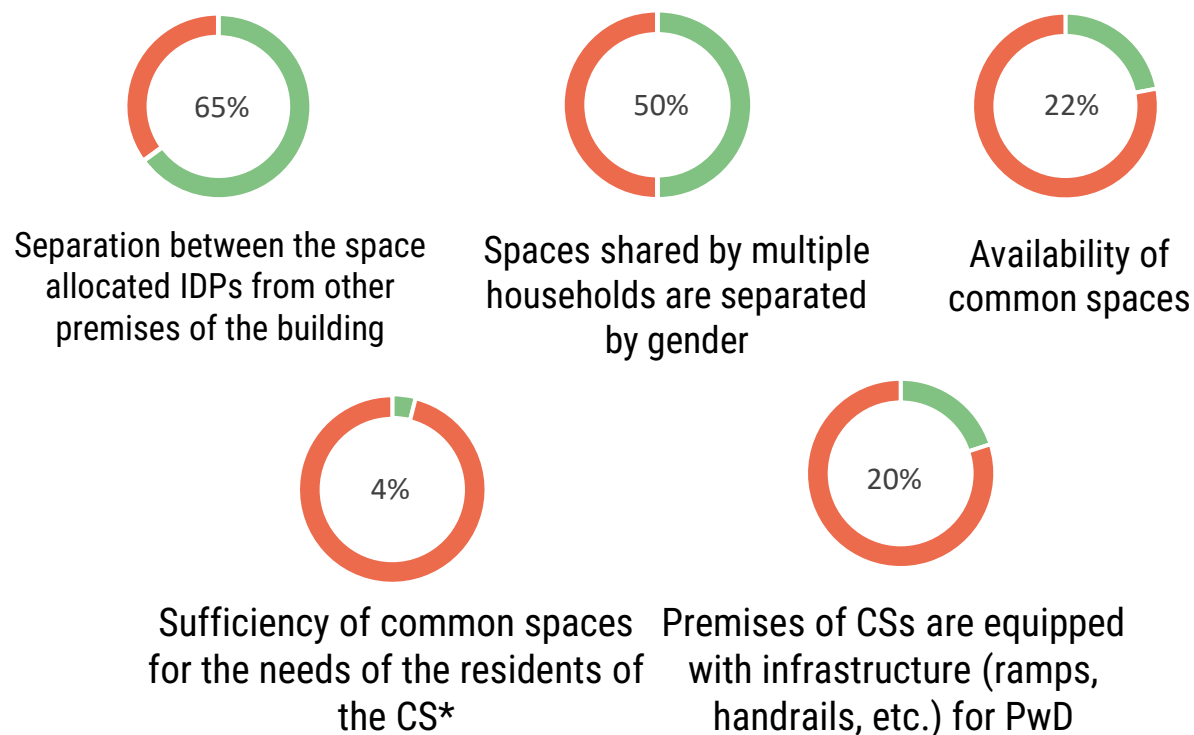
Oblasts with the lowest compliance with the 'Access to information' standard, % of the CSs (by oblast)





## Arrangement and infrastructure in collective sites

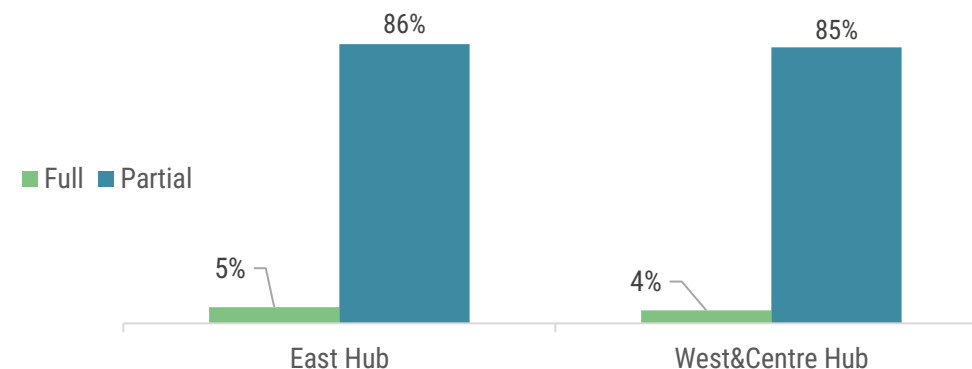
### Compliance with minimum standards, % of CSs



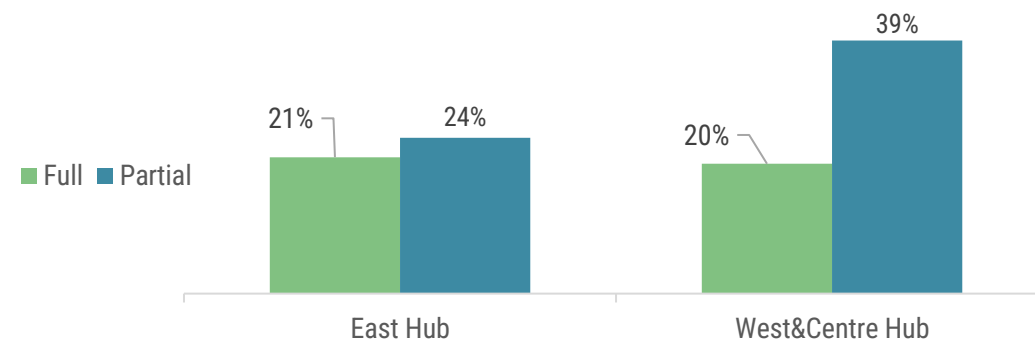
In terms of compliance with 'Barrier-free access for people with disabilities' standard, **areas of particular concern** were Dnipropetrovsk (66%), and Zaporizka (65%) oblasts.

\* Common areas include places for general meetings, leisure activities, rooms for children's distance learning, the provision of services, etc.

### 'Sufficiency of common spaces' minimum standard compliance, % of the CSs (by Hub)\*\*



### 'Accessibility infrastructure for people with disabilities, % of the CSs (by Hub)\*\*

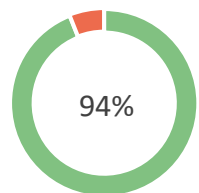


\*\* Full compliance with this standard means the availability of all the above types of places.

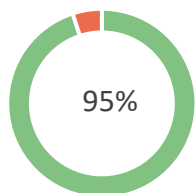


## Arrangement and infrastructure in collective sites

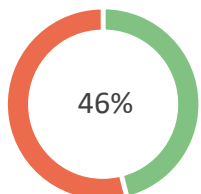
### Compliance with minimum standards, % of CSs



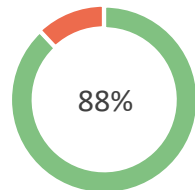
Premises of collective sites are divided into common areas for IDPs and living space



Temperature in the premises of the CS is maintained within the range of 18-25 °C



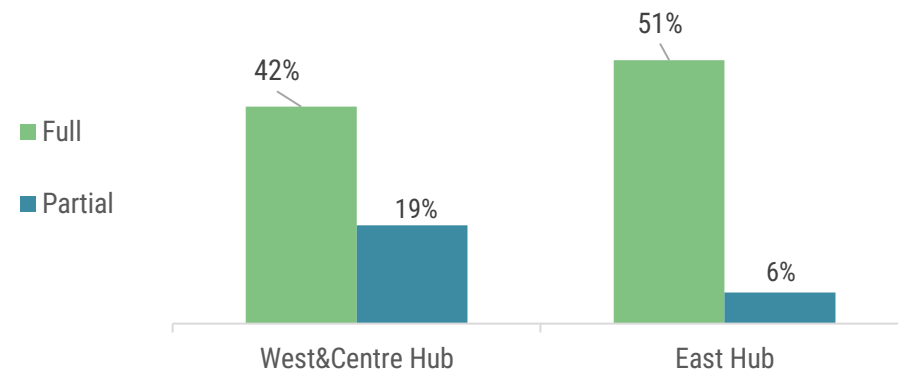
Allocation of at least 6 square meters per one bed (person) in living spaces



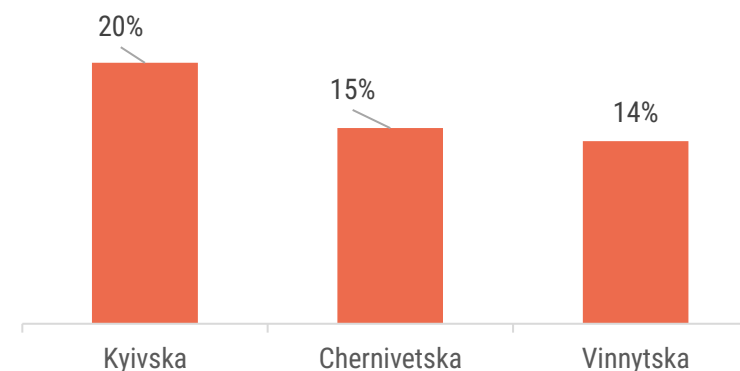
Entrances to living spaces are equipped with locks or latches

In terms of compliance with 'Sufficient space in living areas (at least 6 sq. meters per one person)' standard, **areas of particular concern** were **Rivnenska (4%)** and **Mykolaivska (8%)** oblasts.

### 'Allocation of at least 6 square meters per one person in living spaces, % of CSs (by Hub)



### Oblasts with the highest **non-compliance** with the 'Entrances to living spaces are equipped with locks or latches, % of the CSs (by oblasts)

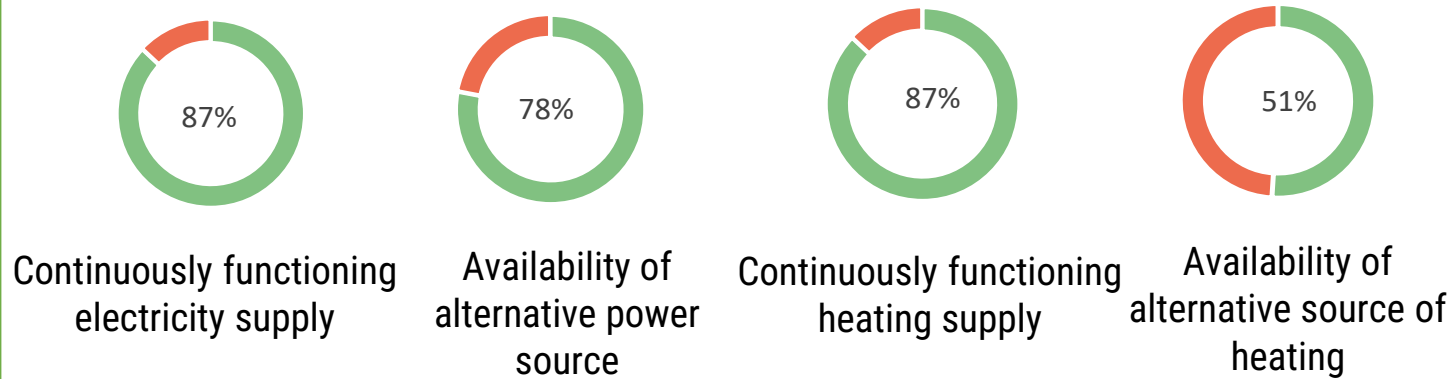


\*\* Partial compliance with the standard means that some sleeping areas of the specific collective site allocate at least 6 sqm per bed while others allocate less.

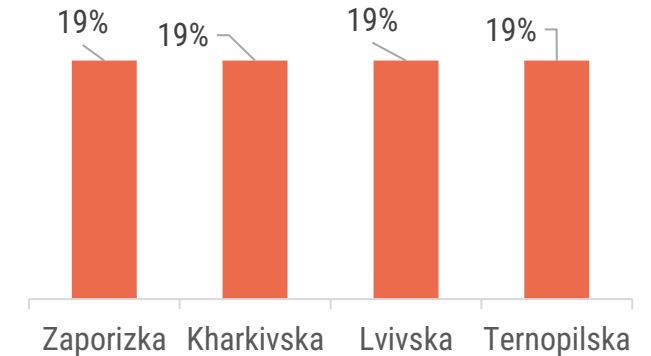


# Engineering systems in collective sites

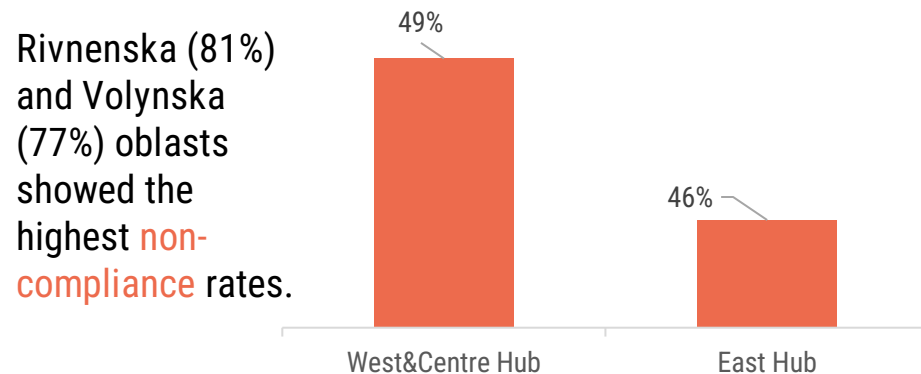
## Compliance with minimum standards, % of CSs



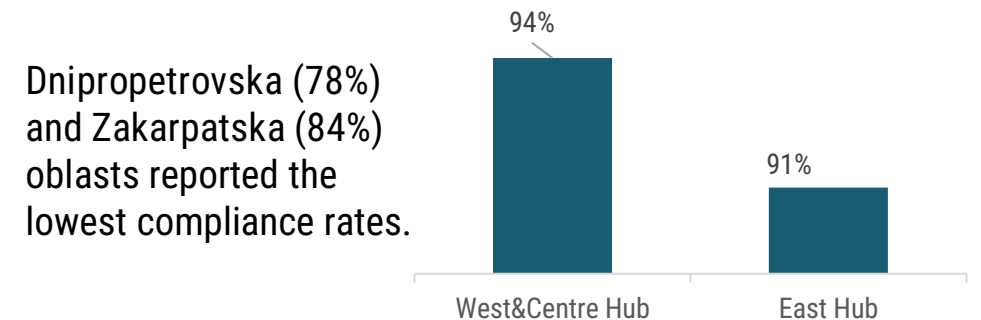
## Oblasts with the highest non-compliance with the 'Continuously functioning electricity supply', % of the CSs (by oblasts)



## Percentage of sites reporting lack of alternative source of heating, % of the CSs (by Hub)



## 'Availability of continuously functioning water supply system, % of the CSs (by Hub)\*

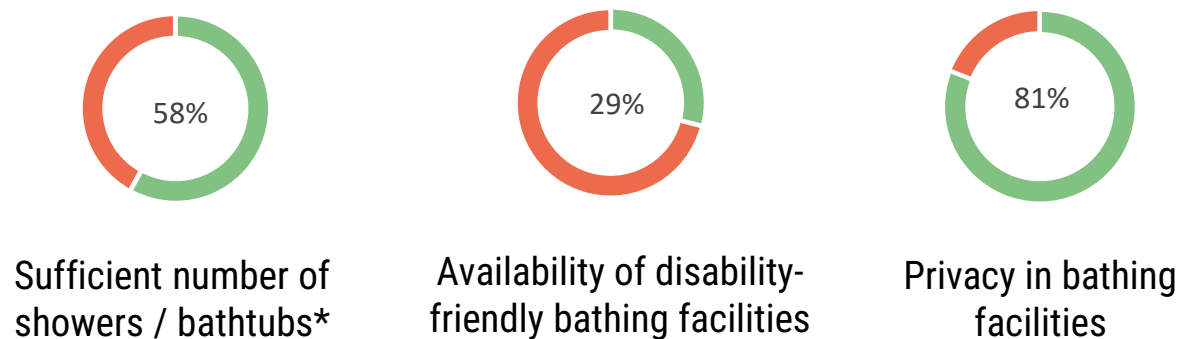


\* Partial compliance means that there is an alternative power source on site, but it does not fully meet the basic needs of the site residents.

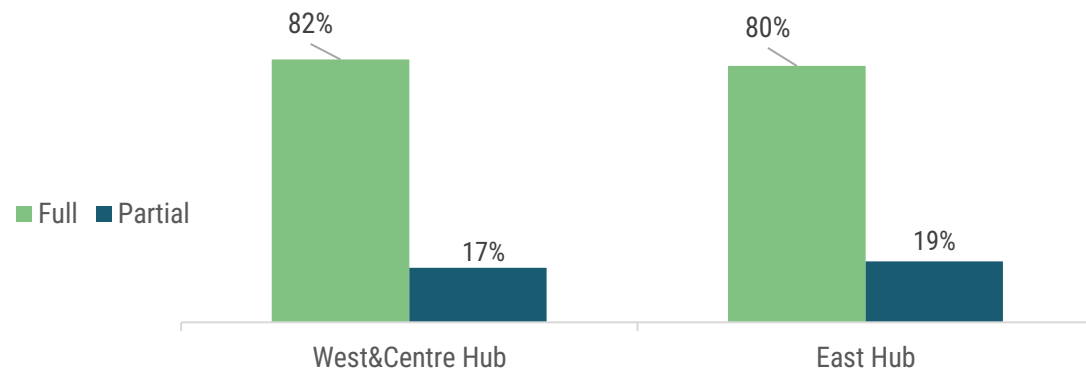


# Sanitation and hygiene in collective sites

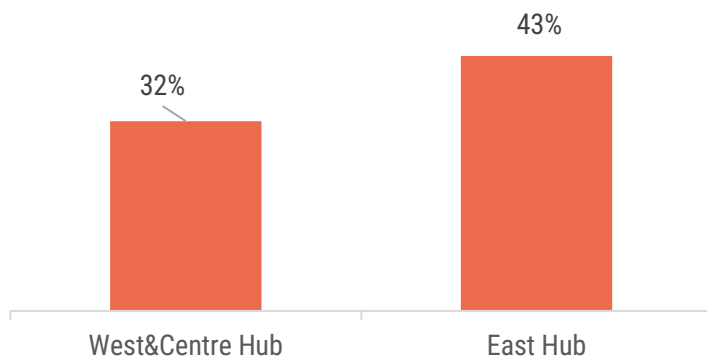
## Compliance with minimum standards, % of CSs



## 'Privacy of bathing facilities' minimum standard compliance, % of the CSs (by Hub)

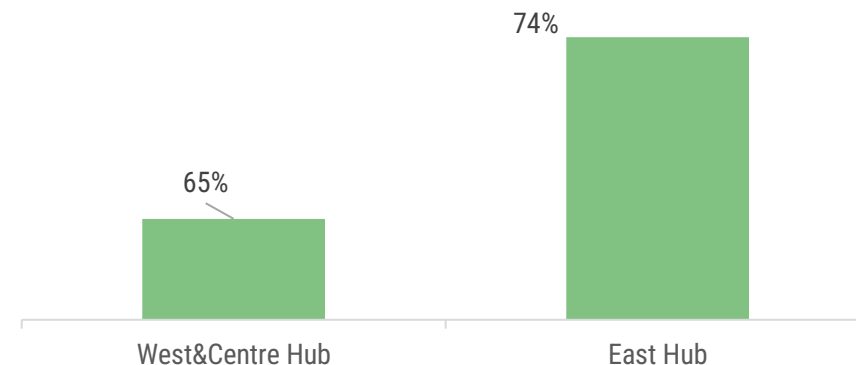


## Percentage of sites reported insufficient number of showers, % of the CSs (by Hub)



Mykolaivska (62%) and Kyivska (59%) oblasts reported the highest **compliance** rates with regards to the 'Availability of disability-friendly bathing facilities' standards.

## Percentage of sites reporting lack of disability-friendly bathing facilities, % of the CSs (by Hub)

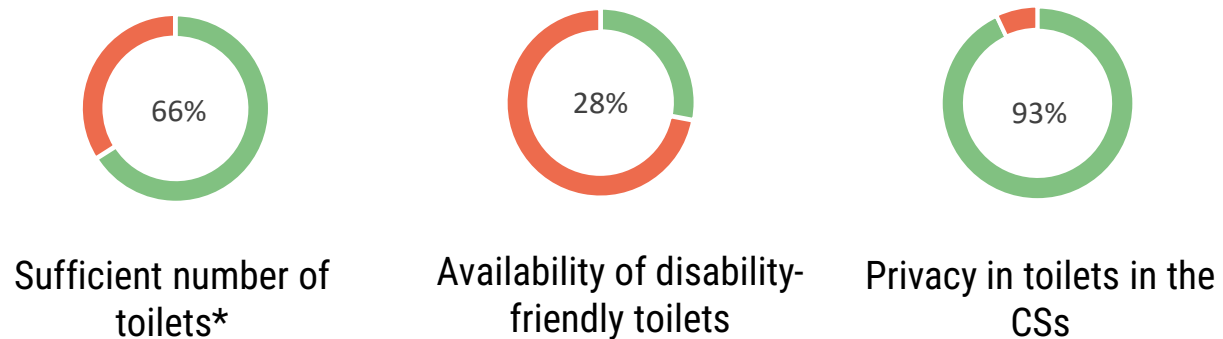


\* According to Resolution 930, one shower/bathtub for every 12 people is considered a sufficient number of showers/baths in a collective site

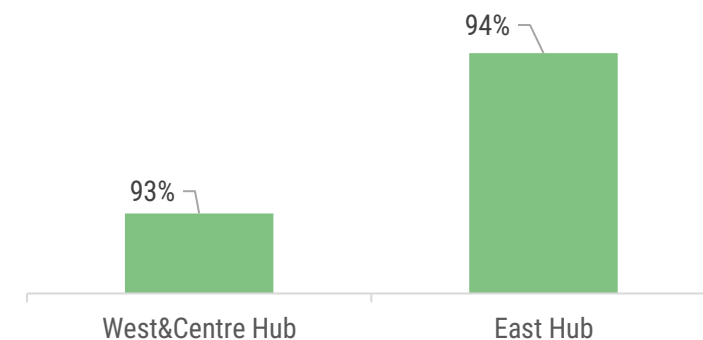


## Sanitation and hygiene in collective sites

Compliance with minimum standards, % of CSs

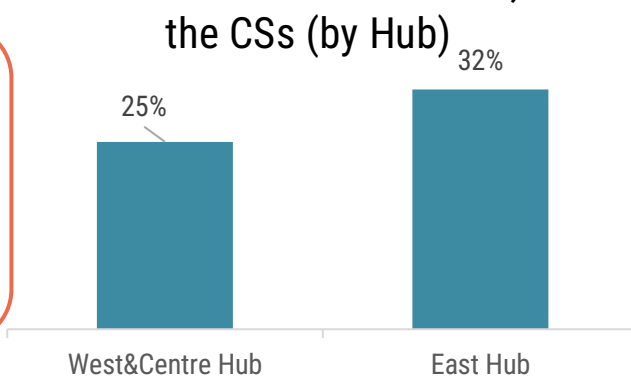


'Privacy of toilets' minimum standard compliance, % of the CSs (by Hub)



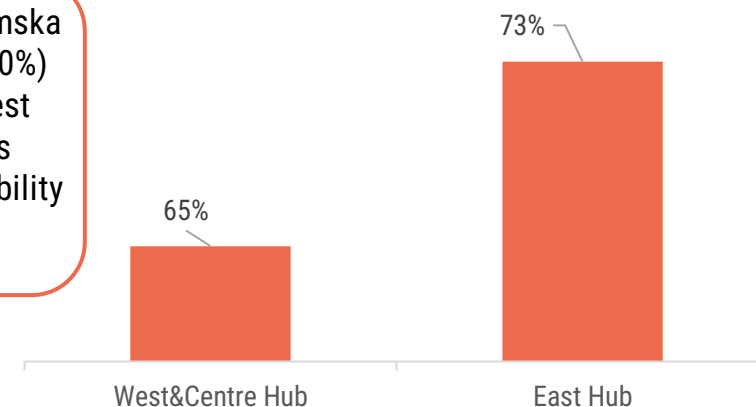
Percentage of sites reported insufficient number of toilets, % of the CSs (by Hub)

Chernihivska oblast (54%) had the highest **non-compliance** rates related to the 'Insufficient number of toilets' standard.



Percentage of sites reporting lack of disability-friendly toilets, % of the CSs (by Hub)

Poltavska (86%), Sumska (82%) and Odeska (80%) oblasts had the highest **non-compliance** rates related to the 'Availability of disability-friendly toilets' standard.



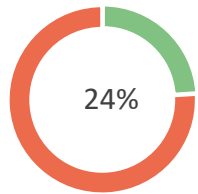
\* According to Resolution 930, one toilet (separate seat) for every 10 people is considered a sufficient number of toilets in a collective site



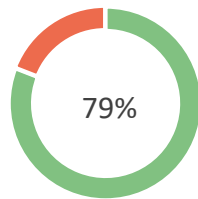


## Equipment of collective site premises

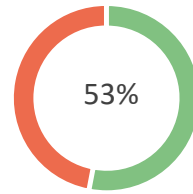
### Compliance with minimum standards, % of CSs



Sufficient number of washing machines\*



Sufficient number of drying machines\*\*



Equipping the kitchen with the necessary appliances

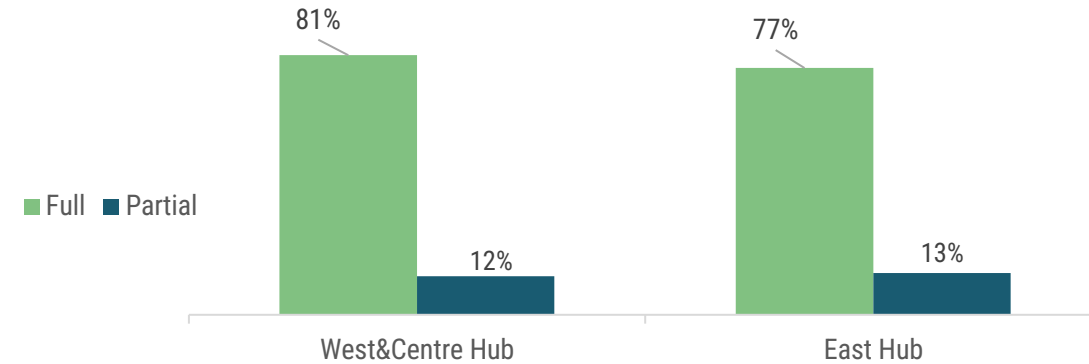
The highest rates of non-compliance with the 'Sufficient number of washing machines' minimum standard were found in Chernihivska (85%) and Cherkaska (83%) oblasts.

\* According to Resolution 930, one washing machine for every 10 people is considered a sufficient number of washing machines in a collective site

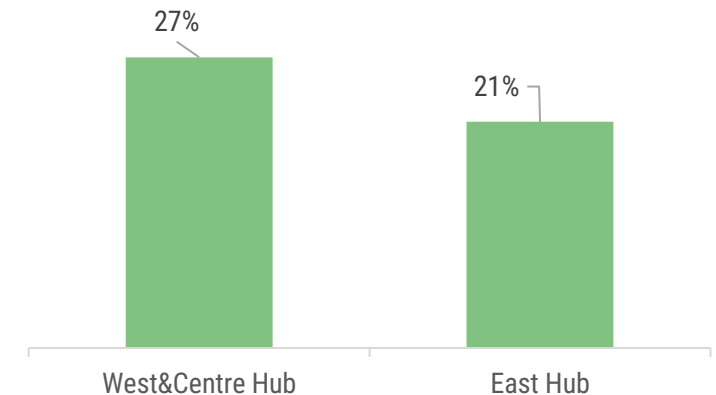
\*\* A sufficient number of drying machines according to the mentioned Resolution is defined as the availability of one drying machine for 20 people, or sufficient space allocated to dry laundry

\*\*\* Partial compliance is only related to insufficient space to dry laundry

### 'Sufficiency of number of drying machines' standard compliance, % of the CSs (by Hub)\*\*\*



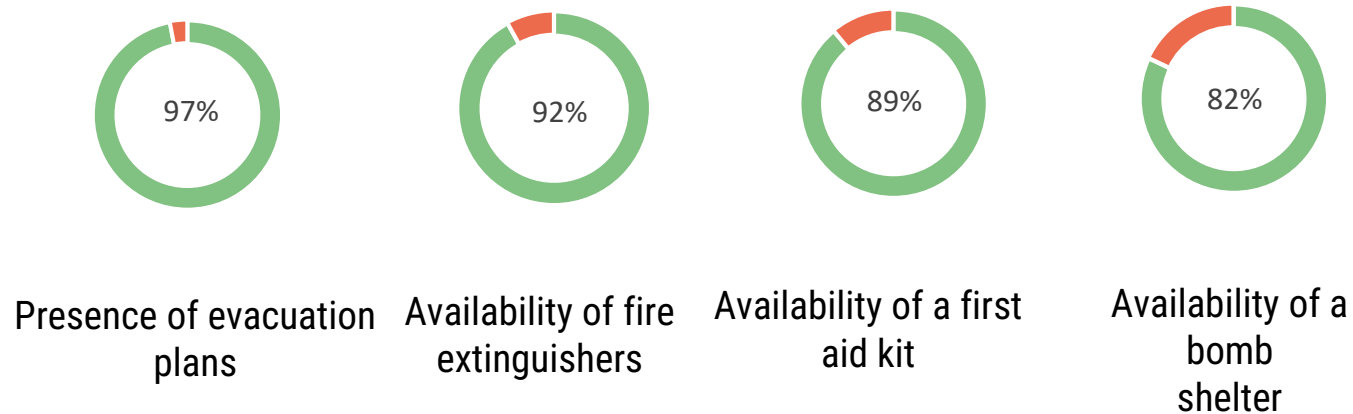
### 'Sufficient number of washing machines' standard compliance, % of the CSs (by Hub)





## Equipment of collective site premises

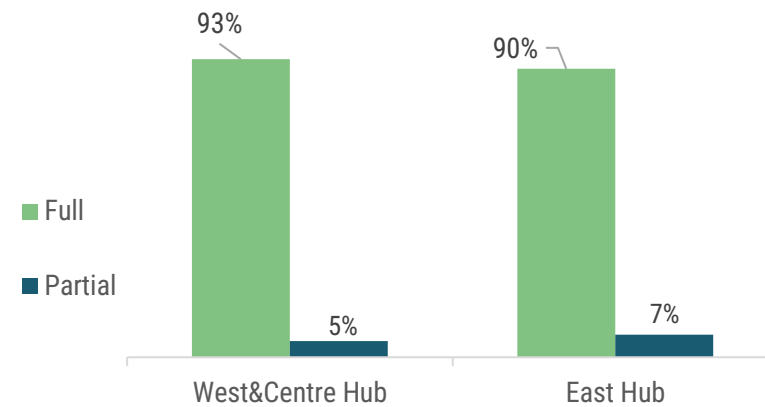
### Compliance with minimum standards, % of CSs



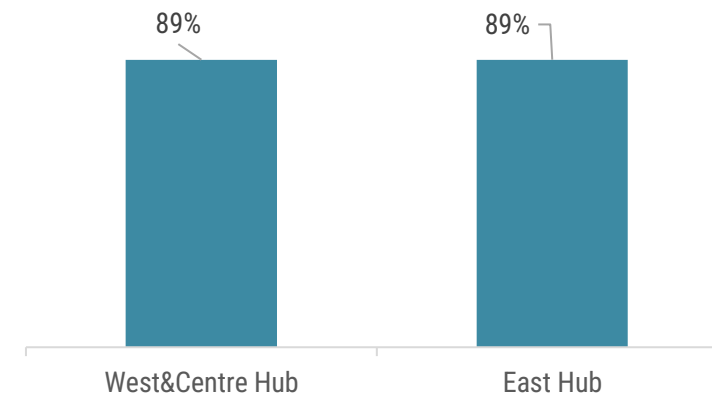
The lowest compliance rates in terms of the 'Availability of first aid kits' in collective sites showed **Chernihivska** (63%) and **Ternopilska** (74%) oblasts.

and **Chernihivska** (15%) and **Ternopilska** (14%) oblasts also had the highest **non-compliance** rates of non-compliance with regard to the 'Availability of boilers' standard in collective sites.

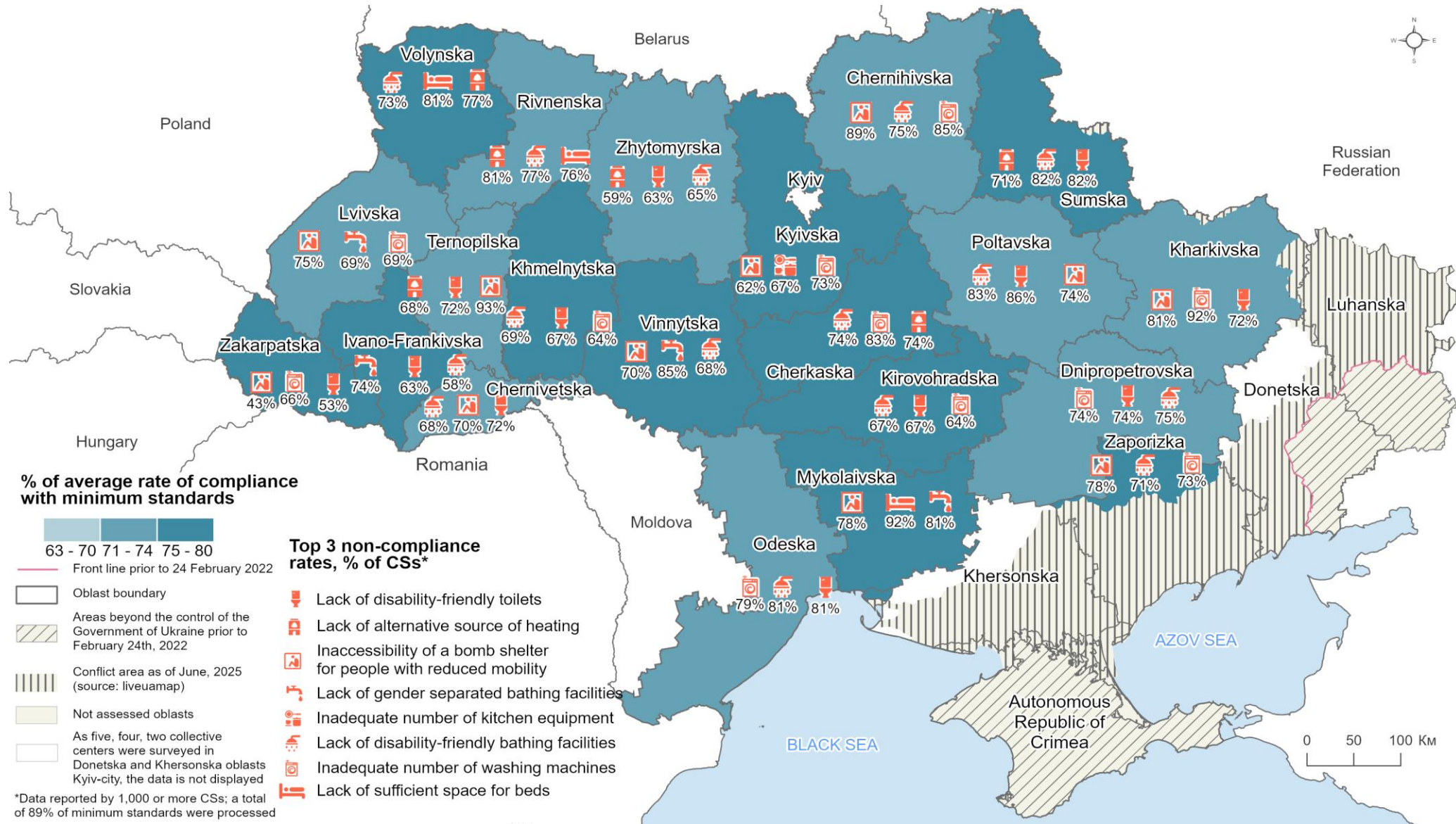
### 'Availability of fire extinguishers' standard compliance, % of the CSs (by Hub)



### 'Availability of a first aid kit' standard compliance, % of the CSs (by Hub)



# Top-3 Non-Compliance Rates with Minimum Standards by Oblast



# Thank you!

[iryna.bermes@reach-initiative.org](mailto:iryna.bermes@reach-initiative.org)